



INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT SAFEGUARDS

When using electrical equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed including the following:

1. **READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS**
 2. Disconnect power before performing work on electrical equipment.
 3. Do not use outdoors.
 4. Do not let power cords touch hot surfaces and do not mount near gas or electric heaters.
 5. Use caution when servicing batteries. Battery acid can cause burns to skin and eyes. If acid is spilled on skin or eyes, flush with fresh water and contact a physician immediately.
 6. Equipment should be mounted in locations and at heights where unauthorized personnel will not readily subject it to tampering.
 7. The use of accessory equipment not recommended by BeLuce Canada Inc. as it may cause an unsafe condition, and will void the unit's warranty.
 8. Do not use this equipment for other than its intended purpose.
 9. Servicing of this equipment should be performed by qualified service personnel.
 10. **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS!**
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INSTALLATION

Hardwired Installation:

1. Extend unswitched 24 hour AC supply of rated voltage to a junction box (supplied by others) installed in accordance with all applicable codes and standards. Leave at least 8 inches of slack wire. This circuit should NOT be energized/live at this time.
 2. Open the unit by unscrewing the cover screws on the sides of the unit (Figure 1). The front cover can then be lifted up and removed.
 3. Unit is supplied with universal spider knockouts and keyhole slots stamped into the back of the cabinet. Knock out the appropriate hole(s) and bring wires through the hole(s) into the cabinet.
 4. Mount the unit securely into place. Do not rely on the electrical box as the only support for the unit. There are two keyhole mounting slots provided in the back of the unit for wall mounting.
 5. Make proper wiring connections between the AC supply and the unit's transformer per diagram provided (Figure 4). **Insulate unused wire!** Connect ground to supplied green ground wire in accordance with local codes. Reassemble all wire connections and connectors. **CAUTION! - Failure to insulate unused wire may result in a shock hazard or unsafe condition as well as equipment failure.**
 6. For large units the batteries may be shipped separately. Install batteries into the cabinet and complete the appropriate battery connections (Figure 5).
 7. Uncoil the wire lead(s) from the Positive circuit board terminal (+) and connect to the positive terminal connector on the battery (Figure 2).
 8. Route wires and secure in place.
 9. Replace cover and secure cover screws.
 10. Turn on AC line voltage supply.
 11. Position lamps/heads to provide best lighting distribution by loosening head set screws to adjust angle and swivel. Manually rotate or twist head to desired position then tighten set screws to lock position.
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CAUTION

This equipment is furnished with a sophisticated low voltage battery dropout circuit to protect the battery from over-discharge after it's useful output has been used. Allow 24 hours recharge time after installation or power failure for full-load testing.

OPERATION

1. To Test, depress the TEST Switch. Charge indicator will go out and the DC lamps will come on.
2. Release the TEST Switch. DC lamps will be extinguished, and the charge indicator will come on.
3. A bright charge indicator indicates a high charge rate. After the battery has reached full charge, the indicator light will go out. Under normal operation the high charge indicator will turn off and on intermittently while the unit is in standby mode (regular/mains AC present) since the charge rate will vary in order to maintain an optimal battery charge.

Figure 1

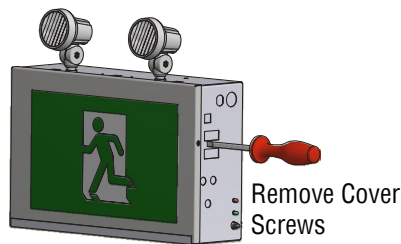


Figure 2



Figure 3

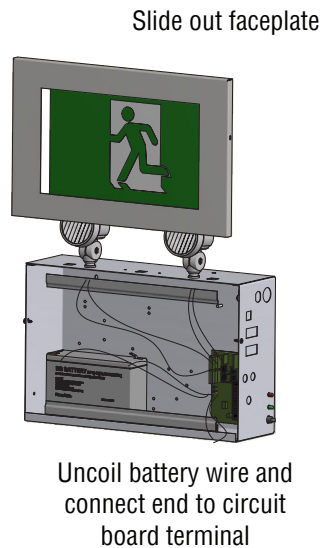


Figure 4

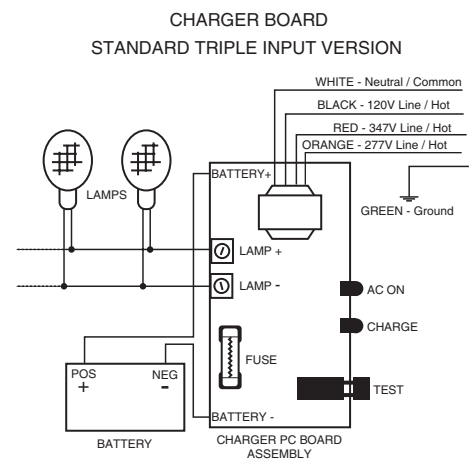
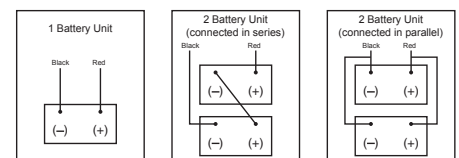


Figure 5



MAINTENANCE

1. Code requires that the equipment be tested every 30 days for 30 seconds, and that written records be maintained. Further, the equipment is to be tested once a year for the required duration as per Code. The battery is to be replaced or the equipment repaired whenever the equipment fails to operate as intended during the duration test. Written records of test results and any repairs made must be maintained. BeLuce Canada Inc. strongly recommends compliance with all Code requirements.
2. The lamps listed herein when used according to the instructions with this unit are in accordance with the requirements of CSA Standard C22.2, No. 141 – Unit Equipment for Emergency Lighting.
3. Clean lenses on a regular basis.

NOTE: The servicing of any parts should be performed by qualified service personnel only. The use of replacement parts not furnished by BeLuce Canada Inc., may cause equipment failure and will void the warranty.

TROUBLESHOOTING

EMERGENCY LAMPS DO NOT COME ON AT ALL, “AC ON” LED indicator is out before test...

Pilot Light is out before test...

1. Check AC supply - be sure unit has 24 hour AC supply (unswitched).
2. AC supply is OK, and indicator light is out, replace PC Board Assembly.

Pilot Light is on before test

1. Either the output is shorted or overloaded, or the battery is not connected.
2. Battery is severely discharged. Allow 24 hours for recharge and then retest. NOTE: This could be the result of a switched AC supply to the unit (which has been turned off at some point), a battery with a shorted cell, an old battery or a battery which has been discharged due to a long power outage and is not yet fully recharged.

EMERGENCY LAMPS COME ON DIM WHEN TEST SWITCH IS ACTIVATED

1. Battery discharged - permit unit to charge for 24 hours and then retest. If lamps are still dim, check charger for proper function. If charger functions correctly, replace battery.

EMERGENCY LAMPS COME ON WHEN BATTERY IS FIRST CONNECTED

1. Battery may be connected in reverse polarity. Check connections. Connect Positive lead to Positive battery terminal and Negative lead to Negative battery terminal. The lamps should then turn off and the charge indicator should light when AC power is applied.

EMERGENCY LAMPS COME ON DIM WHEN AC POWER IS ON

1. Check supply voltage and AC connections. This emergency light is provided with brownout protection. The AC supply must be at least 80% of nominal (96V on a 120V line) for equipment to function normally. At lower voltages the emergency lamps will begin to glow dimly until the source voltage drops below the full “turn-on” point. NOTE: This condition may also be caused by incorrectly connecting a 120 Volt supply line to the wrong voltage transformer lead.

TROUBLESHOOTING

IF THE EMERGENCY LIGHTING FIXTURE IS EXPERIENCING ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PROBLEMS:

- The LED indicator is off or displaying the wrong status.
- The LED strip is on during AC power, but there is no emergency backup function.
- The LED strip is on, but the battery is not charging (battery voltage is low).

PERFORM A HARD RESET ON THE BATTERY AND CHARGER BOARD Steps to Perform a Hard Reset:

1. **Disconnect AC Power:** Turn off the AC power supply to the emergency lighting fixture.
2. **Unplug the Battery:** Safely disconnect the battery pack from the charger board.
3. **Wait for 10 Seconds:** Allow the system to completely discharge by waiting a minimum of 10 seconds.
4. **Reconnect Power:** Plug the battery pack back into the charger board.
5. **Restore the AC power** to the fixture.
6. **Verify the Reset:**
 - I. Check that the LED indicator is functioning correctly.
 - II. Ensure that the battery is charging and the emergency backup function is operational.

NOTE: If the issue persists after performing the hard reset, further inspection of the fixture or professional assistance may be required.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS